## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listing, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

- 1. (currently amended) A memory device, comprising:
- a substrate;
- an insulating layer formed on the substrate;
- a fin structure formed on the insulating layer, the fin structure having a first and second side surface;
- a first spacer formed adjacent the first side surface, the first spacer acting as a first floating gate for the memory device;
- a second spacer formed adjacent the second side surface, the second spacer acting as a second floating gate for the memory device;
  - a gate dielectric layer formed on the first and second spacers;
  - a first gate formed on the insulating layer and disposed on a first side of the fin; and
- a second gate formed on the insulating layer and disposed on a second side of the fin opposite the first side, wherein the first and second gates are electrically isolated from each other.
  - 2. (original) The memory device of claim 1, further comprising:
- a source region and a drain region formed on the insulating layer and disposed adjacent a respective first and second end of the fin structure.
  - 3. (original) The memory device of claim 2, further comprising:

an oxide layer formed on the first and second side surfaces of the fin, the oxide layer acting as a tunnel oxide layer for the memory device.

- 4. (original) The memory device of claim 3, wherein the oxide layer has a width ranging from about 10 Å to about 100 Å.
- 5. (currently amended) The memory device of claim 1, wherein the first and second gates are associated with corresponding memory cells that may be are programmed independently of each other.
- 6. (original) The memory device of claim 1, wherein each of the first and second spacers comprise polysilicon and have a width ranging from about 100 Å to about 500 Å.
- 7. (original) The memory device of claim 1, further comprising:

  a dielectric cap comprising at least one of a nitride and an oxide formed over a top surface of the fin structure.
- 8. (original) The memory device of claim 1, wherein the insulating layer comprises a buried oxide layer and the fin structure comprises at least one of silicon and germanium.
- 9. (original) The memory device of claim 8, wherein the fin structure has a width ranging from about 100 Å to about 1000 Å.

10-13. (canceled)

14. (currently amended) A non-volatile memory device, comprising:

a substrate;

an insulating layer formed on the substrate;

a conductive fin formed on the insulating layer, the conductive fin having first and second side surfaces and a top surface;

an oxide layer formed on the first and second side surfaces of the conductive fin;
a first spacer formed adjacent the first side surface of the fin, the first spacer acting
as a first floating gate electrode; and

a first gate formed on the insulating layer, the first gate acting as a first control gate for the non-volatile memory device:

a second spacer formed adjacent the second side surface of the fin, the second spacer acting as a second floating gate electrode; and

a second gate formed on the insulating layer, the second gate acting as a second control gate for the non-volatile memory device, wherein the first and second gates are formed on opposite sides of the conductive fin and are electrically isolated from each other.

15-16. (canceled)

17. (currently amended) The non-volatile memory device of claim [[15]]14, wherein the first and second spacers each comprise polysilicon and have a width ranging from about 100 Å to about 500 Å.

- 18. (original) The non-volatile memory device of claim 14, further comprising: a dielectric cap formed on the top surface of the conductive fin.
- 19. (original) The non-volatile memory device of claim 14, wherein the oxide layer acts as a tunnel oxide for the memory device and the width of the oxide layer ranges from about 10 Å to about 100 Å.
- 20. (original) The non-volatile memory device of claim 14, wherein the insulating layer comprises a buried oxide layer and the conductive fin comprises at least one of silicon and germanium.
  - 21. (new) A memory device, comprising:
  - a substrate;
  - an insulating layer formed on the substrate;
- a fin structure formed on the insulating layer, the fin structure having a first and second side surface;

an oxide layer having a width ranging from about 10 Å to about 100 Å formed on the first and second side surfaces of the fin structure, the oxide layer acting as a tunnel oxide layer for the memory device;

a first spacer having a width ranging from about 100 Å to about 500 Å formed adjacent the first side surface of the fin structure, the first spacer acting as a first floating gate for the memory device;

a second spacer having a width ranging from about 100 Å to about 500 Å formed adjacent the second side surface of the fin structure, the second spacer acting as a second floating gate for the memory device;

a gate dielectric layer formed on the first and second spacers;

a first gate formed on the insulating layer and disposed on a first side of the fin;

a second gate formed on the insulating layer and disposed on a second side of the fin opposite the first side, wherein the first and second gates are electrically isolated from each other;

a source region formed on the insulating layer adjacent a first end of the fin structure; and

a drain region formed on the insulating layer adjacent a second end of the fin structure opposite the first end.

22. (new) The memory device of claim 21, wherein the gate dielectric comprises an oxide having a thickness ranging from about 50 Å to about 200 Å.